EIGHTEEN CENTS A WEEK

BY TELEGRAPH.

Our European Dispatches.

[PER ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.] LONDON, July 11.—Comments of the press

generally are unfavorable regarding the nomi-Havans and Mexican news to the 4th has been received. Estreds has burned and plundered Villa del Valle. Gutierez has been sen-

tenced to ten years. Angel, brother of Miramon, with papers favoring reactionists, was captured near Puebla. Halvez has been exeented. Cepeda has been installed Governor of

Our Washington Dispatches. NORTH CAROLINA IN THE UNION-THE GREAT DE-FEATED-LATEST FROM SETMOUR AND BLAIR-

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS. WASHINGTON, July 11.—The President issues a proclamation that papers have been received from Florida and North Carolina, announcing the adoption of the fourteenth article. The adeption by Florida is not in accordance with the act of Congress. After quoting the law and circumstances, the proclamation announce the ratification by the Legislature of North Carolina in the manner set forth in the pre-

The defeated candidates now in this city are very cheerful over the result of the New York Convention, and it is believed that all, including Mr. Chase, will unite in a hearty support of Seymour and Blair.

In accepting the nomination, Mr. Seymour said: "It was my ambition to take an active part, from which I am now excluded in the great struggle going on for the restoration of the general government and prosperity to our country, but I have been caught by the overwhelming tide that is bearing us on to a great political change, and I find myself unable to resist its pressure."

General Blair said: "We are about entering on a contest for the restoration of the Union and the principles of the Constitution, and the preservation of the white race from the domination of a semi-barbarous people." The Senate to-day passed Edmunds' bill, regnisting the electoral college.

The following provisions have been added to the Freedman's Bureau bill continuing Howard in office. In case of death or resignation, the Secretary of War may nominate and the President appoint a successor, with the consent of the Senate. Any vacancy during the recess of the Senate to be supplied by Howard's Adjutant General. ctionaries of the bureau to be appointed by the Secretary of War on Howard's nomina

The Senate resumed the Funding bill, and concurred in the Electoral College bill, which goes to the President.

In THE House, the bill for the reduction of the army was amended, reducing major-generals to three and brigadiers to six, to take effect March Sist—selections to be made-by the President after March 4th, regardless of seniority. Quartermasters, adjutant and surgeon general are reduced to the rank of colonel of cavalry. All staff officers of departments reduced one grade of rank, and numbers reduced one-half-selections to be made by the commanding general.

The bill regulating the Electoral College will be sent to the President on Monday, and Congress will not adjourn until it becomes a

The Louisiana Legislature-So Called NEW ORLEANS, July 11.—A bill was introduced in the House prohibiting any distinction whatever on account of race, color or previous condition on any public conveyance or place of business where a license is required, under penalty of five hundred dollars fine or place of the bundred dollars fine or place of bundred dollars fine or place of the bundred dollars fine or place of bundred dollars fin New ORLEANS, July 11.-A bill was intromprisonment for one year.

The Governor yesterday notified the Legis-

lature he had signed the fourteenth amendment and the police commissioner bill.

A bill was introduced vesting exclusive control of the public schools in New Orleans in seventeen directors, to be appointed by the

All the legislation already enacted and proposed, stripping the municipal government of the control of city affairs, takes effect immediately after passage.

Ratification Meeting in Virginia. RICHMOND, July 11 .- A Conservative ratifica tion meeting was held at the theatre to-night. Governor Vance, of North Carolina, and other speakers addressed it. The building was densely crowded:

The Strike in Pennsylvania. Portsville, Pa., July 11. - A fight between the strikers and the authorities seems inevi-

ITEMS OF STATE NEWS.

Mr. William Bulware, a respected citizer of Laurens District, died at his residence, near Spring Grove, on the 27th ult., after a short bit painful illness.

-The Democrats of Richland are to hold mass meeting to day, to greet their returning delegates and to ratify the nominations of the ocratic Convention.

Nine negroes made their escape from the jail, at Barnwell C. H. one night last week. Two of the number were the murderers of Martin. They succeeded in removing the iron bars from the windows, and let themselves down with blankets.

-The schoolhouse in the neighborhood of Hamilton's, Laurens District, in which the De-mocratic Club at that place held their meetings, was recently set fire to and burned. It is be-lieved to be the work of Radical negroes.

ieved to be the work of Radical negroes.

The Laurensville Herald says: On Monday last, the attendance was unusually small. No sales by public officers, except a tract of land, formerly sold by the cheriff, and now resold at the risk of the former purchaser. Growing corn and cotton reported small and backward, but improving from recent refreshing showers. Corn wants a regular ground-scaker.

The Barnwell Sentinel says: "There was not a great many persons in attendance on

The Barnwell Sentinel says: "There was not a great many persons in attendance on Monday last, and but little property sold, most of the parties interested having settled the cases previous to the hour for selling. We conversed with a number of planters, and from them learned that the prospect for an abundant corn crop was never better. Cotton also looks well, and the yield of wheat is the largest that has been known for years. The health of the district is generally good.

On the fifth instant a terrific hail storm accompanied with high wind, did serious dam accompanied with high wind, did serious damage to a narrow section of country a few miles north of Greenville. The corn was beaten down and broken off, the unharvested wheat, and the cats melons, etc., were likewise injured, the hail stones penetrating the melons to the depth of several inches. Trees were uprooted and twisted off, and much other damage done. It is said to have been the worst hall storm ever twisted off, and much other damage done. It is said to have been the worst hall storm ever experienced in that section.

experienced in that section.

The Orangeburg News, of Saturday last, says: "On July 4th, Mr. J. W. Riley presented us with two cotton bolls, taken at random from a small patch near his residence, which were the first we have received in the office this season. On July 7th, Mr. Dempsey Gardner exhibited a boll very nearly full-grown, which came from his plantation, and was a Tair representative of his prospects. We are glad to hear from all parts of the district very favorable accounts of cotton and corn. Unless the remainder of the season is very unfavorable, 1868 will be a very successful year for the planters here.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

THE SENSATIONAL CONTEST-LIVELY TIMES -THE BETTING-POLITICAL GOSSIP.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE DAILY NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN REPORTER.] COLUMBIA, July 12 .- The canvassing for the senatorship has been fieres and active to-day. Both parties are giving liberal circulation to politico-personal documents. There is an evident schism in the party. Mackey's friends are despondent at the proposition of the colored men to run Cam, Whipper or Cardoza, either of whom could be elected. The Democrats will probably vote for Campbell and Perry. There is some talk of Colonel Edie. the present commandant of this post, being brought out. It is said that he would make a strong run, as he was formerly a member of Congress, is a staunch Republican, has a brilliant war record, and would be in a measure acceptable to all parties. Betting on the Senatorial contest is quite active, the odds being in favor of Sawyer. Little other business will be done until this subject is disposed of. Orr is talked of for Chief Justice. There is little or no opposition to Corbin and Willard for Associate Justices.

.The bonds of Niles G. Parker for Treasurer, and Neagle for Comptroller, have been signed. The former, for \$90,000, was signed by Mackey, Denny and Crews, who are declared by the Attorne yGeneral to be sufficient.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS. BENATE.

FRIDAY, July 10 .- Senate convened at twelve 'clock.

The roll was called, and journal of the previus day read and confirmed.

The joint resolution offered yesterday by J. J. Wright, petitioning Congress to remove the political disabilities of those people of the State who are disqualified by the operation of the proposed Constitutional Amendment, was laid on the table, by a vote of 16 ayes to 11 nays. A resolution, inviting Hon. F. J. Moses to a

seat on the floor, was adopted. The report of the Committee on Printing, recommending that J. W. Denny be elected emporary State Printer, was adopted.

J. H. Bainey gave notice, that next week the sound of Commissioners. Board of Commissioners would report upon the assets and liabilities of the State. Notice was given of a bill for the completion

Notice was given of a bill for the completion of the State House:

The protest of J. P. Turner, contestant for the seat from Spartanburg county, was read and referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Leslie offered a resolution to provide for the appointment of a committee of five, to inquire into and report the names of such persons who have been elected to office, and are disqualified from accepting them by the Constitutional Amendment, in order that Congress may be petitioned in proper cases, to remove their political disabilities. Adopted, and Bainey, Nash, Wright, Sims and Montgomery appointed on the committee, Leslie having been excused at his own request from serving.

J. J. Wright gave notice that on Monday he would offer a bill to punish persons who may improperly convert the funds of the State to their own use.

R. H. Cam gave notice that on Wednesday

R. H. Cain gave notice that on Wednesday next he would introduce a bill to repeal the

negro code.

B. F. Whittemore was requested to take the chair, and the president protem gave notice of bills "to regulate appeals by writ of error to the Supreme Court," and "to organize the Supreme Court."
The Senate then adjourned until 12 o'clock,

Monday.

The following are the Standing Committees

-Hayes, Sims, Montgomery, Nash

and Dixon. Judiciary—Corbin, Leslie, Montgomery, Rut-

Judiciary Colon,
land and Wright.
Finance — Whittemore, Rose, Donaldson,
Bainey and Coghlan.
Printing—Cain, Leslie, Allen and Buck.
Education—Jillson, Whittemore, Sims, Hayne

Contingent Expenses and Accounts—Leslie Elections-Rose, Wright, Buck, Hoytend wens. Railroads—Leslie, Rose, Hoyt, Allen and Engrossed Acts-Randolph, Jillson and Don-

Legislative Library-Hayne, Beiman, Sims nd Wright.

Public Buildings—Dixon, Buck and Arnim
Retrenchment—Coghlan, Rainey and Reid.

BOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. After the call of the roll, and the confirma-tion of the minutes, the committee appointed to accertain whether a more suitable place could not be found for the meeting of the House of Representatives, reported negatively. The committee appointed to wait on the Gov-ernor and inform him that the House was rea-

ernor and inform him that the House was ready to receive any communication he might have to make, reported that they had discharged that duty, and that his Excellency would micate forthwith.

communicate forthwith.

A few minutes later, the secretary of Governor Scott, entered and read the message.

W. J. McKinlay offered a resolution providing for the organization of the standing com-W. J. McKinlay offered a resolution provuing for the organization of the standing committees of the House. Carried.

A resolution was adopted to provide for the
appointment of a committee to ascertain whether the house on Arsenal Hill could not be fitted up for the residence of the Governor. The
committee appointed are, Neagle, Lonnax, Clyburne and Goodson.

The report of the Committee on Offices was
then taken up and amended, so as to provide
for the election of a clerk and sergeant-atarms, and to authorize the Speaker to appoint
such subordinate officers as might be necesarr for the discharge of the business of the

sary for the discharge of the House.

The House then proceeded to vote, and elected J. O. Jones, a colored man, as clerk, and J. P. F. Carry, a white man, sergeant-at-arms, the Democratic members voting for supposi-

ious persons.

After some unimportant business, the House adjourned until 12 o'clock M., Monday.

The Lancaster Ledger says: "A brief visit to the country in a southwesterly direction a few days since, enabled us to inspect, to some extent, the corn and cottor fields on several plantations along our route. We were highly pleased at the nest and clean appearance that many presented, but was sadly surprised at the backward and sorry appearance of cotton. From representations made from time to time, we expected to see cotton promising, but from our little knowledge of the plant we would ornounce it anything else. In some of the fields—from ten to forty acres—we don't think the plant would average more than eight to ten inches high, and this on lands that are considered pretty good cotton lands. The corn on ten inches high, and this on lands that are considered pretty good cotton lands. The corn on the uplands is suffering very much from the drought that has prevalled for the past four weeks south of this. The wheat has turned out about a half crop. Since writing the above, we are pleased to learn that a very seasonable rain fell on Sunday last, extending from Craigville north, on downeast of us to Hanging Rock."

THE MOST PERFECT IRON TONIC .- HEGEMAN'S THE MOST PERFECT IRON TONIC.—HEGEMAN'S FERRATED ELACIR OF BARK.—A pleasant cordial, prepared from calisays bark and pyro-phosphate of iron phosphorous and calisays, without any injurious ingredients. As a preventive to fever and ague, and as a tonic for patients recovering from fever, or other sickness, it cannot be surpassed. It is recommended by the most eminent physicians. Prepared by Hegeman & Co., New York, and sold by all respectable druggists in the United States. THE PRESIDENCY.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION-CLOS-ING SCENES-SEYMOUR'S SPEECH. In the New York Convention on Thursday, after the chairman of the Ohio delegation had formally nominated Gov. Seymour, that gentle-

GOSSIP CONCERNING THE CONVENTION.

man said:

Gentiemen of the Convention: [Cheers.] The motion just made by the gentieman from Ohio excites in my mind the most mingled emotions. [Applause.] I have no terms in which to express my gratitude [cheers] for the magnanimity of his State, and for the generosity of this Convention. [Cheers.] I have no terms to tell of my regret that my name has been brought before this Convention. God knows that my life and all that I value most in life I would give for the good of my country, which that my life and all that I value most in life I would give for the good of my country, which I believe to be identified with the interests of the Democratic party. [Applause and cres of "Take the nomination then."] I do not stand here as a man, proud of his opinions, or obstinate in his purposes, but upon a question of honor I must stand upon my own, convictions against the world. [Applause, and a voice "God bless you. Horatio Seymour."]

Gentlemen: When I said here at an early day, that honor forbade my accepting a nomination

Gentlemen: When I said here at an early day, that honor forbade my accepting a nomination by this Convention, I meant it. When, in the course of my intercourse with those of my own delegation, and my friends, I said to them that I could not be a candidate, I meant it. And now permit me here to say, that I know, after all that has taken place, I could not receive the nomination without placing not only myself, but the great Democratic party in a false position. [Great applause.] But, gentlemen of the Convention, more than that, we have had today an exhibition, from the distinguished citizen of Ohio, that has touched my heart, as it has touched yours. [Cheers.] I thank God, and I congratulate thus country, that there is in the great state of Ohio, whose magnificent position gives it so great a control over the in the great state of Ohio, whose magnificent position gives it so great a control over the action of our country, a young man, rising fast in the estimation of his countrymen, and whose future is all glorious; who has told the world that he could tread beneath his feet every other consideration than that of duty, and when he expressed to his delegation and expressed in more direct terms, that he was willing that I should be nominated, who stood in such a position of his own nomination. I should feel a dishonored man if I could not tread the same honorable path which he has marked out. [Great applause.] Gentlemen, I thank you, and may God bless you for your kindness to me; but your candidate I cannot be. [Three cheere for Horatio Seymour.]

Vallandigham, of Ohio, and Kiernan, of New York, made brief but impassioned speeches, insisting on the nomination of Governor Seymour, after which State after State declared in his favor. The New York Times thus describes:

THE FINAL CHASH. The end had come. Instantly all over the hall The end had come. Instantly all over the hall the dolegations sprang to their feet, every chairman demanding recognition by voice and gestures. The lobbies broke out into tumultuous, continuous cheers. Hats, fans, handkerchiefs, were waved aloft, delegates seized the silken pennons of their States and brandished them over the heads of the yelling crowd. The turnult swelled until it became confusion worse confounded. No single word could be heard; particularly worker recognized. The vigorous no individual voice recognized. The vigorous rapping of the President's gavel was unheard. Out of the uproar came in some instants of intervention, the announcement of some State wheeling into line for Seymour. Maryland, Illinois, Texas, Delaware, Virginia, Verminia, Verminia terrention, the announcement of some State wheeling into line for Seymour. Maryland, Illinois, Texas, Delaware, Virginia, Vermont, Georgia and Louisians were heard above the din, and such announcement added fuel to the roaring flame. Sovereign States scrambled forward with unseemly haste and rudely jostled each other in their rush to be first in changing to Seymour. The end was seen, and the order issued for the battery in Union-square which hed been witting for two days to helch the order issued for the battery in Ontoin-square which had been waiting for two days to belch forth the nominations from the cannon's mouth, to begin. With the roar of the first gun the growd within the hall was invigorated and began again to cheer continuously, lustily. There seemed no limit to their capacity for uproar, nor their endurance in maintaining roar, nor their endurance in maintaining it.

All business and order was swept before the storm, and the officers strove in vain to restore some semblance of order. Accidentally or instinctively the Democracy had found a way out of the dead-lock of balloting, and, borne along by the current, States were swept like straws in a rapid river. When at last the tumult-partially subsided, through sheer exhaustion of the audience and delegates, the change of States was obtained and recorded.

GEO. H. PENI The following private letter from determined to the folio delegation, before the left Ohio, and was handed to John States was obtained and recorded.

Mr. President: I rise to answer for that State of the Union, which bears at this time most heavily the chains and weight of Radical misrule. If did not suppose, sir, that my voice, or that of any of my colleagues, would be heard in this assembly, except in the discharge of the routine business. In the words of the Convention that sent us here, we were instructed to behave with the proprieties which belong to the well-bred guest, and not to assume any of the functions of the symposiac of the feast. We came here, Mr. President, and gentlemen of the Convention, having no favorite candidate—going not for men, but for measures. We have been more than grateful for the declaration of principles, and of Mr. President: I rise to answer for that ful for the declaration of principles, and of prospective measures that have been announcprospective measures that have been amount-ed by the Convention, not only with unanimity, but with unsurpassed enthusiasm. We were instructed, and the instructions were coinci-dent with the feelings of every honest heart in South Carolina. to accept the nominaneart in South Carolina, to accept the nomina-tion of that man who seemed to have the voice of this Convention. Obeying these in-structions, South Carolina, with an invocation of God's blessing upon this party, wherein is centered the last hopes of the Republic of Washington, nominates and votes for Horatio Seymour, of New York. [Great applause,]

WADE HAMPTON ON BLAIR. The vote of South Carolina for Vice-President was delivered by General Wade Hampton,

who said: Mr. Chairman: The only reason I can give why my State has done me the honor to ask me to speak for her on this occasion is, I sup-pose, that I met the distinguished gentleman pose, that I met the distinguished gentleman whose name has been presented by Kentucky on more than one field. Our State wishes me to say to the soldiers, and in reply to the remarks of the gentleman from Illinois—the distinguished soldier from Illinois—that the soldiers of the South cordially, heartily and cheerfully accept the right hand of friendship which is extended to them. [Cries of "Good" and cheers.] We wish to show that we appreciate the kindness and cordiality that has been extended to us by all classes. We wish particular ended to us by all classes. We wish partic arly to make an acknowledgment to the Fed ral soldiers who have met us so cordially and so friendly. It is due to them, I think, that they should have the second place on the ticket. It is due to that convention, which so cordially approved your platform; it is due to the South, and I, for my State, most heartily and cordially second the nomination of General Blair.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE AND THE DEMOCRACY-HE

It now appears that the Chase movement, so ong repressed at New York, was just on the eve of a triumphant denouement when the Seymour furore broke out and carried all before it. The New York Tribune of Thursday morning says :

Justice Chase was and is everywhere the favorite, by long odds, in the betting rings. It is confidently asserted that the vote of the New York delegation will be cast for him, solid, and at an early hour in to-day's proceedings. It was said that they had been instructed to do so by Mr. Seymour, and that none of them would disregard the order; while other States would speedily follow her example. It was the prevailing opinion that two or three ballots to-day would be sufficient to arrive at a determination. The caucussing continued at the hotels and on the streets among the delegates until a late hour last night; and the star of Chief Justice Chase was thought to be steadily in the as-

MR. CHASE ACCEPTS.

There is no doubt that Judge Chase has signified his willingness to stand on the platform erected by the Convention on Tuesday. As soon as the platform was adopted it was tele-graphed to him by the Chase Executive Committee, who were anxious to know whether he would sustain the principles laid down in this new article of Democratic faith. It may be positively stated that Mr. Chase replied affirmatively. This averment is based on information received last evening from an intimate friend lic, seem now to be regarded as part of the creed of every true Democrat of the Empire State."

Governor Seymour is about fifty-six years of age. His wife, a daughter of the late John R. Howard Associ

of the Chief Justice, who, while he strove to be non-committal, was not sufficiently reticent to prevent the mference from being drawn that the platform was in the msin, if not as an entirety, acceptable to Mr. Chase. In answer to a question whether any telegram had been received from Mr. Chase relative to the matter, the gentleman stated that he was not at liberty to answer; but when told that there was a rumor afloat that the Chief Justice had telegraphed that he would not accept the platform, the non-committal gentleman declared that "the facts were just the reverse." This certainly looks as if Mr. Chase occupies no doubtinl position, and is not only willing, but anxious to receive the nomination of the Democratic party. His daughter (Mrs. Senator Sprague), who is at present in this city, received a telegram from her father, yesterday, in which he said the platform was acceptable to him.

AN IMPRESSION. Many persons believe that Horatio Seymour's chances for nomination are not entirely descroychances for nomination are not entirely desiroy-ed, and that, the event to no linate Chase pro-ving a failure, the New Your delegation will urge the nomination of Seymour on the ground of his being acceptable to a large majority of the Convention. Although the Pendletonians would oppose him, it is believed that even on the first ballot, after the formal presentation of his name, he would receive a vote far in excess his name, he would receive a vote far in excess of two-thirds of the votes of the Convention. Gov. Seymour's nomination, however, depends upon a contingency which is not likely to happen—it being generally conceded that Chase's nomination is a fixed fact.

A COMPLIMENT TO THE SOUTHERN DELEGATIONS. The New York World, in reviewing Wednesday's proceedings in the Convention, says:

day's proceedings in the Convention, says:

The Southern delegations deserve great praise for the dignity, good sense, and propriety with which they have bourne themselves in the Convention. When the roll of. States was called for naming candidates, the Southern delegations asnounced, one after another, that they had no candidate to present. They seemed to have no desire to dictate, but to be willing to accept whatever candidate should be deemed most available by the Democracy of the North. In the early ballotings they distributed, scattered, and shifted their votes in such a way as to show that they were merely waiting and watching developments, with a view to co-operate at last with the majority of the Northern delegates. When Mr. Pendleton seemed to be the strongest they began to concentrate upon him, as it to tell the North that they would cheerfully accept him if the North judged his nomination advisable. Waen it became evident that Pendleton could not be nominated, and Hancock grew strong, they again indicated, by changing their votes, their willingness to co-operate in the nomination of any candidate who possessed the confidence of the partracted for a moment by the South, after the North becomes sufficiently united to render a nomination possible. North becomes sufficiently united to render a nomination possible.

PENDLETON'S LETTER OF WITHDRAWAL. The following is Mr. Pendleton's letter authorizing the withdrawal of his name:

CINCINNATI, July 2.
Washington McLean, Fifth Avenue Hotel, New

My DEAR SIR-You know better than any one the feeling and principles which have guided my conduct since the suggestion of my name for the Presidential nomination. You know that while I covet the good opinion of my countrymen, and would feel an honest pride in so distinguished a mark of their confidence, I so distinguished a mark of their confidence, I do not desire it at the expense of one single ele toral vote, or of the least disturbance of the harmony of our party. I consider the success of the Democratic party at the next election of far greater importance than the gratification of any personal ambition, however pure and lofty it might be. If, therefore, at any time a name shall be suggested which, in the opinion of yourself and those friends who have shared our confidences, shall be stronger tefore the country, or which can more thoroughly unite our bwn party, I beg that you will instantly withdraw my name, and pledge to the Convention my hearty and zealous and active support for its nominee.

Very truly, yours.

GEO. H. PENDLETON.

PENDLETON'S OPINION OF SEYMOUR. The following private letter from Mr. Pendleton was addressed to Washington McLean, of the Ohio delegation, before the delegation left Ohio, and was handed to John A. Green,

is to-day the foremost man in our party in the United States. His ability, cultivation and ex-perience put him at the head of our statesmen. He commands my entire confidence. I would rather trust him than myself with the delicate rather trust him than myself with the delicate duties of the next four years. You know I am sincere. Make him feel this, and that he can rely on me and my friends. I have a natural pride, an honest pride, I believe, in the good will of my countrymen, but you, better than any one else, know that it is neither egotistical nor overruling, and that I am really anxious to give up the nomination to anybody who can get one single vote mo e than myself. Express all this frankly to the Governor, but delicately, and let him understand my views of men and measures, as I have frequently given them to you.

Yours truly, GEORGE H. PENDLETON. THE HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR.

A GLANCE AT HIS POLITICAL CAREER

The people's candidate for the Presidency at the next election was born in Pompey, Onon daga county, New York, in 1811. He commenced, at an early age, the practice of law in the City of Utica, and at the age of thirty, though an active Democrat from youth, was chosen Mayor of that Whig city-an illustration of personal popularity which he has always possessed, in a remarkable degree, among those who knew him.

Inose who knew him.

In 1841 he was elected to the Legislature of New York, and his career from that time has been one of increasing distinction. Among many men of the first rank and ability then in the Legislature, Mr. Seymour at once took a conspicuous position, and soon became a recognized leader of his party in the State.

Became especially considering in the Legislature. conspicuous position, and soon became a recognized leader of his party in the State. He became especially conspicuous in the Legislature by the masterly manner in which he discussed the public works and financial condition of the State in the year 1844. He was afterwards chosen speaker of the lower house, and presided with distinguished ability. During the subsequent divisions of the party in New York, his influence was constantly exerted for the restoration of harmony and peace, and in 1852 these labors were crowned with success. Mr. Seymour was triumphantly elected Governor of New York over the then incumbent. Washington Hunt, and his administration greatly confirmed the opinion of his statesmanlike abilities founded upon his legislative career. At the end of his term, he was again brought forward as a candidate for Governor, but was defeated by Myron H. Clark, Republican, who was elected over Mr. Seymour by a plurality of about two hundred votes, twentytwo thousand Democratic votes having been cast for Green C. Bronson. On the 1st of January, 1855. Mr. Seymour refired from office, but in 1869 he was again clarted Governor of uary, 1855. Mr. Seymour retired from office, but in 1862 he was again elected Governor of New York, and served till 1864. Whilst, as Governor and publ c man, he sustained the war for the preservation of the Union, he opposed, in his State papers and public addresses, the p.rwhich were its avowed objects. In 1864 he was defeated for the governorship by Mr. Morgan, the Radic-l candidate, and has since held no public station, though he has continued to enjoy the ardent and undiminished confidence of his party. He is said to be kind and social by nature, fluent and e quent in debate, and of his party. He is said to be kind and some by nature, fluent and e oquent in debate, and enlarged and liberal in his views. One of his Democratic supporters spuke of him years ago as, "n the estimation of a majority of the peo-ple of New York, the first f her living statesmen," and added: "Unbounded confidence in Mr. Seymour, and a firm behef that for him are reserved the highest honors of the re-lie, seem now to be regarded as part of the creed of every true Democrat of the Empire

CHARLESTON, S. C., MONDAY MORNING, JULY 13, 1868. her intelligence, loveliness of character and elegant manners. They have no children. Of Mr. Seymour's three sisters, one married Led-yard Sinclair, of Casenovia; another Mr. Shon-nard, of Westchester; and another the Hon. Roscoe Conkling, United States Senator from Nor York Mr. Serven viscosches on sub-New York. Mr. Seymour's speeches on sub-jects of great public interest during the last three or four years have been universally read and have secured for him a national reputa-

GENERAL FRANCIS P. BLAIR.

General Frank Blair, the Democratic nominee for the Vice-Presidency, is a gentleman whose civil career and military services have combined to give him a prominent position in the party to which he has always belonged, and which has just conferred upon him so signal a mark of its confidence. He was a volunteer general in the late war, and during the war was elected to Congress. General Blair, holding retreetives and proscriptive test-caths ing retroactive and proscriptive test-oaths for voters to be unconstitutional, refus-ed to take the test-oath imposed by the ed to take the test-oath imposed by the fanatical Missouri State government, and he made an appeal to the Supreme Court in that case, which has not yet been decided. He is a son of Francis P. Blair, Sr., years ago the distinguished editor of the Globe, the organ of General Jackson's alministration. The elder Blair was in his day one of the keenest and most sagacious politicians in the Union, and his Globe was the most efficient party organ ever published in Washington. General Blair has much of that forecaste and practical judgment for which his father was so practical judgment for which his father was so remarkable, and is a bold and able political strategist—one who will never lose anything from delay or timidity, and who will never fail to win where promptitude and boldness can achieve success.

Obituarn.

BANKS.—Died, on the evening of the 10th, LOUIS CUNNINGHAM, infant son of Lou C, and CHARLES H. BANKS.

Speetal Motices.

"QUICK WORK."-MESSRS. BART & WIRTH shipped on Saturday morning, from 6 to 9 o'clock, per Steamship Manhattan, for New York, eleven hundred and twenty-three (1123) boxes of PFACHES, all properly coopered and stored on deck. Also, sent to storehouse, for sale in this market, over two hundred boxes. 1

MENOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made at the next session of the gislature for a renewal, in the name of the under igned, of Certificate No. 593, State Six Per Cent. Stock, standing in the name of Mary Fraser, Trustee W. S. HARLEY. for Ruth B. Miller.

ESTATE NOTICE .-- ALL PERSONS ndebted to the late Colonel JOHN S. ASHE will make payment, and those having claims against his Estate will present them, properly attested, to Mesers. RUTLEDGE & YOUNG, Solicitors, No. 2 Broad-street, or to the undersigned.

HENRY GOURDIN. ALFRED RAOUL, Qualified Executors. June 13

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. CHARLESTON DISTRICT .- IN THE COMMON PLEAS .- JAMES MCCABE VS. ROBERT MCCAB ROLL .- ATTACHMENT .- Whereas, the plaintiff did, on the thirteenth day of June, file his declaration against the de'endant, who (as it is said) is abser from and without the limits of this State, and has neither wife nor attorney known within the same upon whom a copy of the said declaration might b served: It is therefore ordered, that the said defendant do appear and plead to the said declaration before the fourteenth day of June, which will be it the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, otherwise final and absolute judgment will then be given and awarded against him.

J. W. BROWNF.ELD, C. C. P. Clerk's Office, Charleston District. June 15

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA-SOUTH CAROLINA DISTRICT .- IN THE COURT OF ADMIRALTY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FOR SOUTH CAROLINA DISTRICT .-THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA .- To J. the andience and delegates, the change of States was obtained and recorded.

Final vote of South Carolina.

When South Carolina was called upon for her vote on the twenty-second ballot, Hon.

James B. Campell replied:

Jr., on their afrival in Now York.

Cincinnati, June 25.—My Dear Sir: You her was aware of it. I seek you at home, but you are not there. I must say what I want by note. As soon as you get to New York see Governor soon as you get to New York see Governor Seymour. You know well what was my feeling: You, and each of you, are hereby there. I must say what I want by note. As soon as you get to New York see Governor Seymour. You know well what was my feeling: You, and each of you, are hereby the formation limit has fall. He before and after I heard from him last fall. He have, any right, title, claim, interest, property, or demand whatsoever in, to, or out of the British ship SEDBERGH AND CARGO, against which a libel hath been exhibited and filed in the said Court, by JOHN FERGUSON, owner of the Steamers Planter and Marion, for himself and others, in a cause of Admiralty and Maritime Jurisdiction for Salvage Service, that they be and appear before the Hon G. S BRYAN, Judge of the said Court, at a court to be solden at the Federal Courlhouse, on Monday, the 20th day of July, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said libe should not be granted. And whatever you shall do in the premises you shall duly certify unto the Judge aforesaid, at the time and place aforesaid, together with these presents.

Witness Hon. G. S. BRYAN, Judge of the said Court, at Charleston, the 3d day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-BROWN & MIKELL,

Libellant's Proctors. DANIEL HORLBECK. Clerk of the District Court of the U. P. for S. C.

july 4, 13 July 4 BEST SECURE HEALTH IN ADVANCE .- IT as difficult to extinguish a raging fever as a raging fire: but you can prevent a conflagration by render ing your dwelling fire-proof, and you can prevent an attack of fever by invigorating and purifying you "house of clay."

The "outside pressure" upon the constitution nd the vital powers at this season is tremendous Every pore of the millions which cover the surface of the body is a drain upon its substance and its strength. To meet this depletion—to keep up the stamina under such a constant outflow of dissolving desh—tenic and invigorant is absolutely necessary and time, that tries all things, has proved that HOS-TETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS impart a degree of strength and resistant power to the over-taxed vital forces, which is unattainable by any other known neans. The effect of this inestimable vegetable preparation is to increase the appetite, accelerate di gestion, tone the secretive organs, give firmness to the nerves, purify the blood, cheer the spirits, and, by thus rallying all the forces of the body, enable it to defy the enery ting influence of the heat, and pass triumphantly through the trying ordeal of the sum mer months. As a safeguard against epidemics, and preventive of the feebleness, lassitude and prostra tion, of which so many thousands complain at this season, it has a national reputation founded on twenty-five years of uninterrupted and unequalled

CONJUGAL LOVE, AND THE HAPPI-NES- OF TRUE MARRIAGE .- Essays for Young Men on the Errors, Abuses and Diseases which de stroy the Manly Powers and create impediments to Marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address HOWARD association, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. May 20

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE .- THIS splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, stantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects or bad dyes; invigo rates and leaves the hair soft and beautiful black of brown. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; an properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No Bond-street, New York. lyr January

RE NEW MARRIAGE GUIDE.—AN ESSAY for Young Men, on Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases, incident to Youth and Early Manhood, which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON. Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

Special Motices.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COL-LETON DISTRICT-IN THE COMMON PLEAS-ATTACHMENT-AUGUSTUS G. BENNETT, Gar nishee, vs. MILTON S. LITTLEFIELD .- Whereas the plaintiff in this case did, on the 7th March, 1868, file his declaration therein in this office against the said defendant, who is absent from and without the limits of this State, and has neither wife nor attor ney known within the same, upon whom a copy of the said declaration, with a rule to plead thereto within a year and a day, might be served, on motion of O. P. WILLIAMS, plaintiff's Attorney, it is Ordered: That the said defendant, MILTON S. LITTLE-FIELD, do appear and plead to said declaration within a year and a day from the filing thereof, or final and absolute judgment will then be awarded against

CLERK'S OFFICE, Walterboro', S. C., March 7th, 1868. J. K. LINDER, C. C. P. March 13 1e3mo 1vr*

WHAT IS THE MATTER WITH YOU? This is the familiar question put to every invalid. In many cases the answer is, "I don't know exactly, but I don't feel well." Look at the countenance of the man or woman who makes this reply, and you will generally find that the eyes are dull and lustre less, the complexion sallow, the cheeks flaccid, and the whole expression of the face dejected. Interregate the invalid more closely, and you will discover that constination, the result of a disordered stomach and a torpid liver, is at the bottom of the mischief "That's what's the matter." Whoever has experienced the effects of TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT in such cases, need not to be told to recommend it as a remedy.

. TARRANT & CO., Wholesale Druggists, No. 278 Greenwich and No. 100 Warren streets, New York, Sole Proprietors. Sold by all Druggis's. 3mos 22 July 6

A YOUNG LADY RETURNING TO her country home, after a sojourn of a few mo in the city, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had i soft ruby cor plexion of almost marble smooth ness, and instead twenty-three she really sppeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentlemen can improve their personal appearance an hundredfold. It is simple in it ination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsur passed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended i should be-clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price \$1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order, W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,

No. 3 West Fayette-street, Syracuse, N. Y. The only American Agents for the sale of the same, March 30 lyr

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RUSSELL'S BOOK STORE. WEEKLY LIST NEW BOOKS, &c.

WEEKLY LIST NEW BOOKS, &c.

MORTE D'ARTHUR. Sir Thomas Malory's Book of King Arthur, and of his Noble Knights of the Bound Table. With an introduction by Sir Ed. Strachey, Bart. 12 mo. Cloth. \$1.76.

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my in Yale Colege, and author of a Course of Madie-matics. 8vo. \$2.

OZANAM. History of Civilization in the Fifth Century, translated, by permission, from the French of A. Fred. Ozanam, late Professor of French Litera-ture in the Faculty of Letters at Paris. By A. C. Glyn, B. A. 2 vols., 12mo. \$3 50.

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Beckford, with notes critical and explanatory. 1 vol. ST. CLAIR. Dainty Dishes : Receipts collected ST. CLAIR. Dainty Dishes: Receipts collected by Lady Harriet 5t. Clair. 1 vol. 8vo. \$2.25.

NEW NOVELS. Beaumarchais, \$1.50. Fairfax, by Esten Cooke, \$1.75. Maibrook, \$1.75. Artist's Dream, \$1.76. Lost Name, 50 cents. Frakespeare, by author Guy Livingstone, 50 cents. Poor Humanity, 50 cents. Rumor, 75 cents. Gerald Estcourt, 75 cents. Lords and Ladie-, 75 cents. June 12

RELIABLE TEXT BOOKS. "THE BEST OF THEIR CLASS."

Fractical, \$1; Fiementary, 60 cents; Primary 40 cents; Mental (nearly ready), 50 cents.

QUACKENBOS' ARITHMETICS:

This Series is meeting with a most gratifying reception from teachers everywhere, and is exactly what is needed tor mental discipline, as well as for a practical preparation for the business of life. It is clear, thorough, comprehensive, logically arranged, well araded, is supplied with a great variety of examples, and teaches the methods actually used by business men.

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FOR NEW YORK. THE SPLENDID SIDE WHEEL,
STEAMS HIP CHARLESTON,
BERRY Commander, will sail on
Saturday, July 18th, at 5 o'clock
P. M., from Adger's South Wharf.
AS No Freight received after 3 P. M. on day of
sailing, at which time all Bills of Lading must be
handed in.

handed in.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JAMES ADGER & CO.,

Corner Adger's Wharf and East Bay (Ip Stairs).

The Steamship MANHATTAN, will follow on

Saturday, the 25th instant, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

July 13

FOR NEW YOLK.

REGULAR LINE EVERY WEDNESDAY. THE STEAMSHIP MONTEREY, Captain C. RIDER, will leave Vanderhorst's Wharf, on Wednesday, July 15, at 2 o'clock P. M. RAVENEL & CO., Agents.

FOR NEW YORK.

PEOPLE'S STEAMSHIP COMPANYS LINE.

STEAMSHIP MONEKA, CAPT.

MARSHMAN, will leave North Atlantic Wharf Friday, July 17, at halfpast Four o'clock P. M.

No freight received after 5 o'clock, day o' sailing.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
July 11

JOHN & THEO. GETTY.

FAST FREIGHT LINE TO BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. REGULAR DISPATCH GUARANTEED.

THE FAVORITE AND SWIFT
Screw Steamship SEA GULL, N. P.
DUTTON, Commander, will sail for
Baltimore, on 'Tuesday, July 14,
at One o'clock P. M., from Fier No. I. Union
Wharves, making close connections and delivering
freight in Philadelphia promptly and at low rates.
The usual Through Bills of Lading will be given to
Philadelphia, Boston, St. Louis, Louisville, Cincinnati, and other Northern and Western points.
For Freight epzagements or passaxe, spity to For Freight engagements or passage, apply to COURTENAY & TRENHOLM, July 11

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL. CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN. THE INMAN LINE, SAILING SEMI-WEEKLY, carrying the U. S. Mails, consisting of the following steamers: CITY OF PARIS,
CITY OF WASHINGTON,
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CITY OF WASHINGTON,
CITY OF BOSTON
alternate Monday
alternate Monday

Sailing every Saturday and every alternate Monday, at 1 P.M., from Pier No. 45 North River, New York.

RATES OF PASSAGE, Passengers also forwarded to Bremen, &c., at moderate rates. Steerage passage from Liverpo Steerage passage from Liverpool and Queenstown, 440 currency. Tickels can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

ons sending for their risenes.

For further information apply at the Company's JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New York. June 4 PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPYO

THROUGH LANE TO

CATIFORNIA, CHINA AND JAPAN.

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT GREATLY RE-DUCED RATES! STEAMERS OF THE ABOVE line leave Pier No. 42, North River, foot of Canal-street, New York, at 20 cio-k noon, of the 1st, 9th, 16th and 24th of every month (except when these dates fall on Sunday, then the Saturday preceding).

Departure of 1st and 24th connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific and Central American ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Departure of 9th of each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New Zealand.

New Zealand. Steamship JAPAN leaves San Francisco, for China Steamship Art Fewer and Taketo, for Calland Free Here. Old Deccan Daws, or Hindoo Fairy Legends Current in Southern India, collected from oral tradition. By M. Frere, with an introduction tond notes by by Sir Bartle Frere. Hiustrated, 16mo., 161 50.

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March 14 1yr F. R. BABY, Agent, NORTH GERMAN LLOYD. STEAM BETWEEN BALTIMORE AND BREMEN.

Via Southampton. HE SCREW STEAMERS OF THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD,

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Prices of passage payable in gold, or its equiva-

Prices of passage payable in gold, or its equivalent.

They touch at Southampton both going and returning. These vessels take Freight to London and
Hull, for which through bills of lading are signed.
An experienced Surgeon is attached to each vessel.
Ail letters must pass through the Postoffice. No
bills of lading but those of the Company will be
signed. Bills of lading will positively not be delivered before goods are cleared at the Customhouse,
For Freight or Passage, apply to
A. SCHUMACHER & CO.,
No. 9 South Charles-street, Baltimore,
Or to

MORDECAL & CO., Agonts,
East Bay, Charleston, S. O.

April 20

April 20

[ONE TRIP A WEEK.] CHARLESTON AND SAVANNAH STEAM PACKET LINE, VIA BEAUFOR F, HILTON HEAD AND BLUFFTON

ONE OF THE ABOVE STEAME

Morning, at 6 o'clock, and Savannah every

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Morning, at 6 o'clock. For Freight or passage, apply to
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Accommodation Wharf.

FOR PALATKA, FLORIDA,

SAVANNAH, ST. MARY'S FERNANDINA JACKSONVILLE, AND ALL LANDINGS ON THE ST. JOBN'S RIVER.

THE STEAMER DICTATOR,
Capinin Charless Willey, will
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tt 8 o'clock.

All goods not removed by sunset will be stored at and respect to the propriet.

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J. P. AIKEN & CO., Agents, South Atlantic Wharf. June 27

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attention.

From his long experience in this business he feels confident of affording satisfaction to his customers. For those preferring to sell their pr durts here the highest market prices will be obtained. Vegetables and all kinds of Country Produce will be retailed at wholessle prices.

HEUER'S FASHIONABLE BARBER'S SALOON,

No. 98 MARKET-STREET, South side, between King and Mccting streets Mr. HEUER is a German Barber, has been ther-

nghly trained to his business, and is prepared to ree his friends and the public generally in the seve-l branches of his art, viz: SHAVING DRESSING SHAMPOOING BAIR DYING &c., & HAIR-DRESSING